

Chapter 11: THE EXPANDING NATION (1800–1815)

Section 1: Jefferson as President

Section 2: The Louisiana Purchase

Section 3: The Coming of War

Section 4: The War of 1812

Section 1: Jefferson as President

In his inaugural address concerning political parties, Jefferson promised to:

- be nonpartisan
- run the government fairly

Under Jefferson

- New Republican Policies Introduced
 - cut military spending
 - repay the national debt
 - cut domestic taxes
- Old Federal Policies Continued
 - kept the Bank of the U.S.
 - retained some federal government officials

Judicial Review

- *Marbury v. Madison* established the principle of judicial review.
judicial review – the right of the Supreme Court to declare an act of Congress unconstitutional

Section 2: The Louisiana Purchase

Louisiana Purchase

- For political reasons, the French offered to sell the Louisiana Territory to the U.S. On October 30, 1803, the Senate approved the treaty.

Achievements of the Lewis and Clark Expedition

- gained knowledge about the west and a route across the Rockies
- made contact with American Indians
- collected scientific information on plants and animals

Pike Exploration

- The Pike Exploration offered the first glimpses of the American southwest.

Section 3: The Coming of War

The United States placed an embargo on France and Great Britain to:

- punish them
- protect American neutrality

Tecumseh

- Tecumseh's attempt to unite American Indians of the Northwest Territory was unsuccessful.

Reasons for Declaring War on Britain in 1812

- to protect American independence and neutrality
- to give U.S. a chance to expand
- to respond to pressure from War Hawks

Section 4: The War of 1812

Success at Sea and in the Great Lakes Region

- The smaller United States navy met success at sea and in the Great Lakes Region forcing the British to surrender.

Actions of American Indians

- The Indians allied with the British in the War of 1812 and aided them in fighting battles.

British Strategy in the East

- blockade Atlantic seaports
- attack the U.S. capital

The End of the War of 1812

- The War of 1812 ended with the signing of the Treaty of Ghent on December 24, 1814 (even though the war's greatest battle, Jackson's victory at the **Battle of New Orleans** happened after the treaty had been signed, starting on January 8th, 1815).