

<u>Pre-Revolutionary War</u>	<u>Revolutionary War</u>	<u>Post-Revolutionary War</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ France and Great Britain have series of wars in the late 1600's into the 1700's. ➤ French and Indian War: conflict over Ohio River valley territory in the new world. ➤ Treaty of Paris of 1763. ➤ The various acts that sour relationship between the colonists and the mother country: Proclamation of 1763, Sugar Act, Stamp Act, the low key yet important Declaratory Act, Townshend Act (writs of assistance), and Tea Act. ➤ Above acts implemented to help pay for war debt. ➤ "No Taxation without Representation". ➤ Boycotts and Committees of Correspondence. ➤ Boston Massacre. ➤ Boston Tea Party (Sons of Liberty). ➤ Mother country furious, implements the Intolerable acts (Revised Quartering Act included). ➤ Locke's "Social Contract" theory in action? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ First Continental Congress meets in Sep. 1774. ➤ April 1775: Lexington ("shot heard round the world") and Concord. ➤ Second Continental Congress meets and creates the Olive Branch Petition. ➤ Continental Army created. ➤ British and colonial strength and weakness at war's beginning. ➤ Important battles: Bunker Hill, Trenton, Princeton, Brandywine Creek, Saratoga, Yorktown ➤ Guerrilla warfare. ➤ "Common Sense" by Thomas Paine. ➤ Declaration of Independence. ➤ Social Contract Philosophy ➤ Patriots vs. Loyalists. ➤ French and Spanish alliance with the colonials. ➤ Valley Forge. ➤ George Washington. ➤ Benedict Arnold. ➤ Thomas Jefferson. ➤ Marquis de Lafayette. ➤ Lord Cornwallis. ➤ John Paul Jones and his <i>Bonhomme Richard</i> vs. the <i>Serapis</i>. "I have not yet begun to fight". ➤ Treaty of Paris of 1783. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Constitution/Republicanism ➤ Continental Congress creates the Articles of Confederation to unite the 13 states. It is a very weak document since the states possess more power than the government. Created during the War Phase (Nov.15, 1777-March 1781) ➤ Northwest Territory: Land Ordinance of 1785 and the Northwest Ordinance: Creation and admittance of new states. ➤ Shays' Rebellion. ➤ May of 1787: Constitutional Convention. ➤ Virginia Plan vs. New Jersey Plan. ➤ Great Compromise. ➤ 3/5 Compromise. ➤ Popular Sovereignty and Federalism ➤ Separation of Powers: Executive, Judicial, and Legislative. ➤ Checks and Balances. ➤ Federalists vs. Anti-Federalists. ➤ Bill of Rights. ➤ 'Federalist Papers'. Alexander Hamilton and James Madison. ➤ Elected George Washington as first President under this new "Living Document" in 1789.